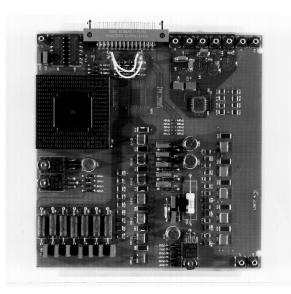
Printed Wiring Board Surface Finishes



Cleaner
Technologies
Substitutes
Assessment

VOLUME 2: Appendices

Jack R. Geibig, Senior Research Associate Mary B. Swanson, Research Scientist and the PWB Engineering Support Team



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Appendix A Data Collection Sheets

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Workplace Practices Questionnaire	A-1
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Observer Data Sheet	A-67
Supplier Data Sheet	A-74

Workplace Practices Questionnaire



Facility Identification
Company Name:





Design for the Environment

Printed Wiring Board Project Workplace Practices Questionnaire

Please complete this questionnaire, make a copy for your records, and send the original to:

Jack Geibig UT Center for Clean Products 311 Conference Center Building Knoxville TN 37996 Phone: (423) 974-6513

Fax: (423) 974-1838

FACILITY AND CONTACT INFORMATION

Site I	Name:										
Street Ad	ldress:										
	City:					St	tate:		Zip:		
Contact Ide	ntificati	on Enter th	e names o	of the per	sons who	can be	conta	acted regardi	ing this surv	ey.	
Name:											
Title:											
Phone:											
Fax:											
E-Mail:											_
									•		

—INSTRUCTION SHEET—

FOR THE DESIGN FOR THE ENVIRONMENT (DFE) ALTERNATIVE SURFACE FINISHES (ASF) PROJECT

WORKPLACE PRACTICES QUESTIONNAIRE

INTRODUCTION

This questionnaire was prepared by the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies in partnership with The US EPA Design for the Environment (DfE) Printed Wiring Board (PWB) Program, IPC, and other members of the DfE PWB Industry Project Work Groups.

The purpose of this questionnaire is to collect data that will be used in preparation of a Design for the Environment (DfE) Alterative Surface Technologies report. This report will present an analysis and evaluation of the risk, performance, and costs associated with operating each of the alternative surface finish processes. Much of this report will be based on data submitted by PWB manufacturing facilities. You can obtain more information about this project and other DfE PWB projects from the US EPA's website at http://www.epa.gov/opptintr/dfe/pwb/pwb.html).

CONFIDENTIALITY

All information and data that is entered into this questionnaire is confidential. The sources of responses are only known to the IPC and have been coded by the IPC for industry research purposes. Any use or publication of the data will not identify the names or locations of the respondent companies or the individuals completing the forms.

INSTRUCTIONS

Respondents must complete Sections 1 (Facility Characterization) and Section 2 (HASL Process) of this questionnaire.

Section 3 is divided into five processes (3A through 3E) as shown below:

- 3A. Organic Solder Preservative (OSP) Process
- 3B. Immersion Silver Process
- 3C. Immersion Tin Process
- 3D. Electroless Nickel/Immersion Gold Process
- 3E. Electroless Nickel/Electroless Palladium/Immersion Gold Process

Of these five subsections, 3A-3E, please fill out only the top two alternative processes, based on PWB through-put, that are currently being implemented at your facility.

If your responses do not fit in the spaces provided, please photocopy the section to provide more space or use ordinary paper and mark the response with the section number to which it applies.

Please make a copy of the completed sections and retain them for your records.

If you have questions regarding the survey, please contact Jack Geibig of the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies at (telephone 423/975-6513; fax 423/974-1838; email jgeibig@utk.edu) or Star Summerfield at IPC (telephone 847/790-5347; fax 847/509-9798; email summst@ipc.org).

Please return the completed questionnaire by January 8, 1999 to: Star Summerfield, IPC 2215 Sanders Road, Northbrook, IL 60062-6135 Phone: 847/790-5347, FAX 847/509-9798, email summst@ipc.org

A RETURN LABEL TO IPC IS ENCLOSED FOR YOUR CONVENIENCE.

Section 1. Facility Characterization

This section focuses on general information specific to the facility. This information is not process-specific. Please estimate manufacturing data for the previous 12 month period, or other convenient time period of 12 consecutive months (e.g., FY97). Only consider the portion of the facility dedicated to PWB manufacturing when entering employee and facility size data.

1.1 General Information

Size of portion of facility used for	sq. ft.	Overall amount of PWB produced	ssf/yr
manufacturing PWBs:		in surface square feet (ssf):	

1.2 Process Type

Estimate the percentage of PWBs manufactured at your facility using the following methods for surface finishing (SF). Specify "other" entry.

Surface Finish Process	Percent of Total	Surface Finish Process	Percent of Total
HASL	%	Electroless Nickel/ Immersion Gold	%
OSP-Thick	%	Electroless Nickel/Electroless Palladium/ Immersion Gold	%
OSP-Thin (benzotriazole-based)	%	Other:	%
Immersion Tin	%	Other:	%
Electroless Palladium	%	Other:	%
Immersion Silver	%	Total	100%

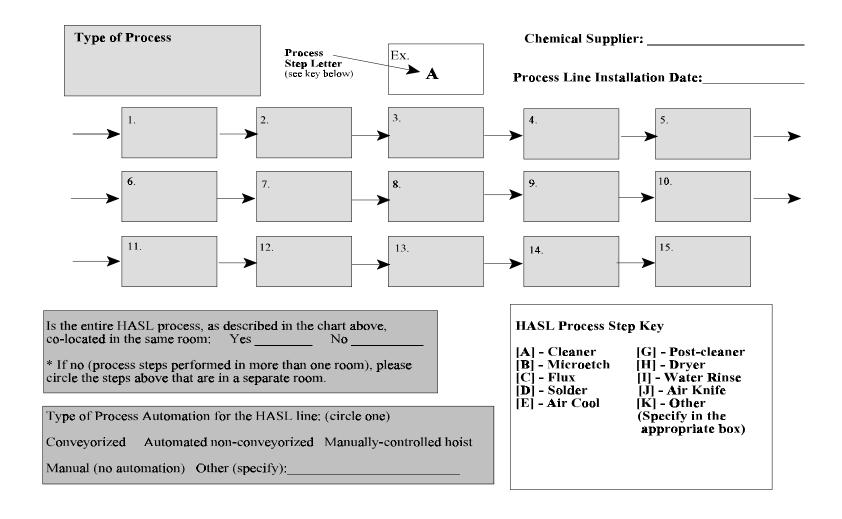
1.3 Wastewater Discharge and Sludge Data

Wastewater discharge method (circle one):	2	ndirect POTW)	Zero
Throughput of facili	ty wastewater treatment system	:	gals/day
Anr	:	lbs	
Is sludge dewatere	? Yes	No	
Wa	:	%	
,	:	%	

Section 2. HASL Process

2.1 Process Schematic: HASL

Fill in the figure below for your HASL surface finishing processes. Using the key at the bottom of the page, identify which letter corresponds w the first step in your HASL process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step intil y entire HASL process is represented. If your particular process step is not represented by the key below, complete the figure by writing in the nat of the process step in your particular surface finishing line in the corresponding box(es). Finish by responding to the questions at the bottom of page.



2.2 General Data--HASL

Number of days HASL line is in operation:	days/yr	Number of hours per day the HASL line is in operation:	hrs/day
Estimated scrap rate (% of defective product) for HASL process:	%	Total of PWB surface square feet processed by HASL line per year:	ssf/yr

2.3 Process Area Employees--HASL

Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the HASL line, and for what length of time. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities that require them to be physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category that is not applicable.

Type of HASL Area Worker	Number of Employees in HASL Process Area	Average Hours per Week per Employee in HASL Process Area
Line Operators		hrs
Lab Technicians		hrs
Maintenance Workers		hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators		hrs
Supervisory Personnel		hrs
Other (specify):		hrs

2.4 Physical Settings--HASL

Size of the room containing the HASL process:		sq. ft.	Height of room:	ft.
Are the overall process areas/rooms ventilated (circle one)?	Yes	No	Air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Do you have local vents (circle one)?	Yes	No	Local vent air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Overall surface finishing process line dim Length (ft.):		h (ft.):	Height (f	t.):

2.5 Rack Dimensions--HASL

Average number of panels per rack:	Average space between panels in rack:			in.
Average size of panel in rack:	Length (in.):			
Do you purposely	Yes	No		

2.6 Rinse Bath Water Usage--HASL

Consult the process schematic in section 2.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present in your HASL process. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control method and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Total volume of water used by the HASL line when operating:	gal./day
---	----------

Process Step Number ^a Flow Control		Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d
Example: 8	8 R 2,400 gal./		8→6
		gal./day	
^a Process step number - Co enter the process step number ^b Flow control - Consult key method used for that specific ^c Daily water flow rate - En water rinse tank. ^d Cascade water process ste cascaded together.	Flow Control Methods Key [C] - Conductivity Meter [P] - pH Meter [V] - Operator Control Valve [R] - Flow Restricter [N] - None (continuous flow) [O] - Other (explain)		

2.7 Filter Replacement--HASL

				Not	Applicable
Bath(s) filtered (enter process step # from flow diagram in 2	.1)				
Frequency of replacement:					
Duration of replacement process:					
Personal protective equipment (see	key):				
Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E] - Eye Protection [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [R] - Respiratory Protection	[G] - G [A] - Apron [B] - Boots	Z] - All except	Respiratory Pr	rotection	

Rack or Conveyor Cleaning--HASL 2.8

	Rack Cleaning Method: [C]-Chemical bath on SF process line [D]-Chemical bath on another line			
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR	k Cleaning Method (see key): OR			
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):		[O]-Continuous cleaning		
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning	g:	Conveyor Cleaning Method: [C]-Chemical rinsing or soaking		
Number of personnel involved:		[S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning		
Personal protective equipment (see key)	:	[N]-None [O]-Continuous cleaning		
Average time required to clean:	min.	Personal Protective Equipment: [E]-Eye Protection [G]-Gloves		
		[L]-Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A]-Apron [R]-Respiratory Protection [B]-Boots		
2.9 Solder Unit Maintenance and	Waste disposal	[O]-Continuous Cleaning [N]-None [Z]-All except Respiratory Protection		

2.9 **Solder Unit Maintenance and Waste disposal**

Complete the following maintenance and waste disposal questions for only the unit of the process that performs the hot air solder leveling

Frequency of maintenance:		Method of dross removal:	
Duration of maintenance:	min.	Frequency of dross removal:	
Personal protective equipment (see key):		Quantity of solder waste disposed (per day):	
Number of personnel involved:		Method of solder waste disposal (see key):	
d Personal Protective Equipment - Enter the the protective equipment used by the worke replace the spent bath. [E] - Eye protection [B] - Boots [A] - Apron [G] - Gloves [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [R] - Respiratory protection [Z] - All except Respiratory Protection [N] - None		Method Of Solder Waste Disposal - Indicate method solder waste disposal from key below: [M] - Metals reclaimed off-site [R] - Recycled on-site [RO] - Recycled off-site [D] - Drummed and treated as hazardous waste [O] - Other (specify)	hod of

2.10 Physical Data and Operating Conditions--HASL

Complete the tables below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for each tank separately.

Average cycle time for a panel to complete entire HASL	min.
process	
(includes cleaning and post cleaning steps, if any):	

		Physical Da	ta	Proces	ss Data	O _l	perating Conditio	ns
Bath	Length (inches)	Width (inches)	Nominal Volume (gal)	Immersion Time ^a (seconds)	Drip _b Time (seconds)	Temp (°F)	Agitation (see key)	Vapor Control (see key)
Cleaner	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
Microetch	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
Flux	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
Solder	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
Post-Clean	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
Other (specify)								
 ^a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is impute the specific process bath. ^b Drip Time - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allow above the specific process bath to allow drainage from panels. 					[PA]- Pane [CP]- Circ		Vapor Control Methods Key: [BC]- Bath cover [FE]- Fully enclosed [VO]- Vent to outside [VC]- Vent to control [PP]- Push pull [O]- Other (explain)	

2.11 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition--HASL

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath		Chemical Product Name	Manufacturer (if applicable)	Annual Quantity Used ^a (gallons)
Cleaner	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Microetch	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Flux	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Solder	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Post-Clean	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Other (specify)	1.			
	2.			
	3.	-		
	4.			

^a **Annual Quantity Used** - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

2.12 Chemical Bath Bailout and Additions--HASL

Complete the following chart detailing the typical bath bailout and chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process bath. If more than three chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath Type	Bailout Frequency	Bailout Duration ^c (minutes)	Bailout Quantity	Personal Protective Equipment ^d		Chemical Product	s Added	Criteria for Addition ^a	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank	Duration of Addition ^c (minutes)
Cleaner					1					
		•			2					min.
		min.			3					111114
Microetch					1					
		min.			2					min.
T21		111111.			3					
Flux					1					
		min.			3				1	min.
Solder					1					
					2]	-
		min.			3					min.
Post-Clean					1					
					2					min.
		min.			3					
Other					1					
(specify)		min.			2					min.
2011 6 1	1144			11111	3	1 1 1 6	dn in		4 5 4 4 4 3	6 11 4
letter for the cri determine when necessary. [S] - Statistical	dditions - Enter teria typically us a bath additions process control are feet processe testing	the method in th	nod typically use Poured mped manually on of Bailout or eval of the chem	ed to add chemica [S] - Scooped [O] - Other • Addition - Ente ical stock throug	Tank - Enter the letter for themicals to the tanks. Dead themicals to the tanks. Dead themicals to the tanks. Dead the protective equipment used by the workers who physically replayed spent bath. [E] - Eye protection [B] - Boots [A] - Apron [G] - Gloves [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [R] - Respiratory protection [Z] - All except Respiratory Protection [N] - None			s of <u>all</u> the sically replace the		

2.13 Chemical Bath Replacement -- HASL Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replacement ^a	Replacement Frequency ^b	Method of Spent Bath Removal ^c	Tar Cleaning		Duration of Replacement Procedure ^e	Personal Protective Equipment ^f
Cleaner						min.	
Microetch						min.	
Flux						min.	
Solder						min.	
Post-Clean						min.	
Other (specify)						min.	
^a Criteria for Replacement - [S] - Statistical process control [P] - Panel square feet processed [C] - Chemical testing [T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) ^b Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed, or number of square feet processed, between		[P] - Pu [S] - Sip [D] - Di [O] - Ot ^d Tank [C] - Ch	^c Methods of Spent Bath Removal- [P] - Pump spent bath from tank [S] - Siphon spent bath from tank [D] - Drain spent bath from tank [O] - Other (specify) ^d Tank Cleaning Method - [C] - Chemical flush [W] - Water rinse			nal Protective Equip protective equipment use who physically replace protection oves o coat/sleeved garment reprint to the protection	sed by the

- [W] Water rinse [H] Hand scrub [O] Other (specify)
- ^e **Duration of Replacement -** Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

- [R] Respiratory protection
 [B] Boots
 [Z] All except respiratory protection
 [N] None

2.14 Chemical Bath Sampling--HASL

Bath Type	Type of Sampling ^a	Frequency b	Duration of Sampling ^c	Protective Equipment ^d	Method of Sampling ^e
Example:	A	3 per day	5 min	E, G, A	P
Cleaner					
Microetch					
Other (specify):					
^a Type of Sampling [A] - Automated [M] - Manual [N] - None ^b Frequency: Enter the average time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq.ft.)		^c Duration of Sampli average time required sample from the tank ^d Protective Equipm key for the above table letters for all protecti by the person perform sampling.	to manually take a ent: Consult the le and enter the ve equipment used	e Method of Sampl [D] - Drain or spigo [P] - Pipette [L] - Ladle [O] - Other (specify	ot

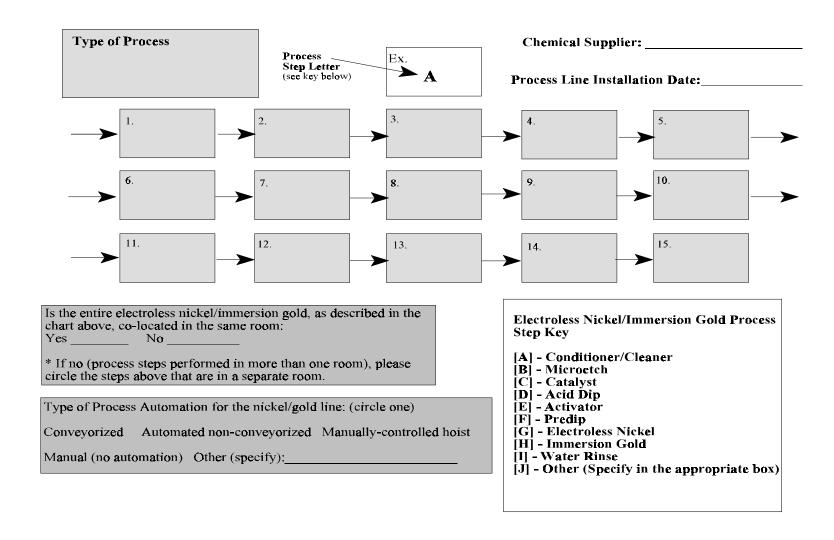
2.15 Process Waste Disposal -- HASL

Bath Type	Annual Volume Treated or Disposed ^a				Waste le (if cable)	Container Type
Cleaner						
Microetch						
Flux						
Solder						
Post-Clean						
Other (specify):						
^a Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed. Be sure to consider the volume treated from both bath change outs and bailout before entering the total. B Method [P] - Properties of the specific bath treated or disposed. Be sure to consider the volume treated from both bath change outs and bailout before entering the total. B Method [P] - Properties of the specific bath treated or disposed by the specific bath treated or disposed. Be sure to consider the volume treated from both bath change outs and bailout before entering the total.		[P] - Precipit [N] - pH neu [S] - Dispose treatment	eled off-site	site t on-site h no	[OĤ]- Ope	ne type of used for f bath wastes en-head drum sed-head drum nical tote

Section 3. Electroless Nickel/Immersion Gold Process

3.1 Process Schematic: Nickel/Gold

Fill in the figure below for your electroless nickel/immersion gold surface finishing processes. Using the key at the bottom of the page, iedntify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in be for each step until your entire electroless nickel/immersion gold process is represented. If a particular process step is not represented by the key below, complete the figure by writing in the name of the process step in your particular surface finishing line in the corresponding box(es). Finis by responding to the questions at the bottom of the page.



3.2 General Data--Nickel/Gold

Number of days the nickel/gold line is in operation:	days/yr	Number of hours per day the nickel/gold line is in operation:	hrs/day
Estimated scrap rate (% of defective product) for the nickel/gold process:	%	Total of PWB surface square feet processed by the nickel/gold line per year:	ssf/yr

3.3 Process Area Employees--Nickel/Gold Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the nickel/gold line, and for what length of time. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities that require them to be physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category that is not applicable.

Type of Surface Finish Area Worker	Number of Employees in Surface Finish Process Area	Average Hours per Week per Employee in Surface Finish Process Area
Line Operators		hrs
Lab Technicians		hrs
Maintenance Workers		hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators		hrs
Supervisory Personnel		hrs
Other (specify):		hrs

3.4 Physical Settings--Nickel/Gold

Size of the room containing the surface finish process:		sq. ft.	Height of room:	ft.
Are the overall process areas/rooms ventilated (circle one)?	Yes	No	Air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Do you have local vents (circle one)?	Yes	No	Local vent air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Overall surface finishing process line dim Length (ft.):		h (ft.):	Height (f	it.):

3.5 Rack Dimensions--Nickel/Gold

Average number of panels per rack:		Average space between panels in rack:		in.
Average size of panel in rack:	Length (in.):	Width (in.):		
Do you purposely	Yes	No		

3.6 Rinse Bath Water Usage--Nickel/Gold
Consult the process schematic in section 2.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present in your nickel/gold process. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control method and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Total volume of water used by the surface finish line when operating:	gal./day
---	----------

Process Step Number ^a	Flow Control b	Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d
Example: 8	R	2,400 gal./day	8 -> 6
		gal./day	
^a Process step number - Center the process step numb ^b Flow control - Consult ke method used for that specifi ^c Daily water flow rate - En water rinse tank. ^d Cascade water process st cascaded together.	er of the specific water ring y at right and enter the letter c rinse bath. here the average daily flow	se tank. er for the flow control rate for the specific	Flow Control Methods Key [C] - Conductivity Meter [P] - pH Meter [V] - Operator Control Valve [R] - Flow Restricter [N] - None (continuous flow) [O] - Other (explain)

3.7 Filter Replacement--Nickel/Gold

		Not A	Applicable			
Bath(s) filtered (enter process step # from flow diagram in 2.1)						
Frequency of replacement:						
Duration of replacement process:						
Personal protective equipment (see key):						
Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E] - Eye Protection [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [R] - Respiratory Protection [B] - Boots [G] - Gloves [Z] - All except Respiratory Protection [A] - Apron [B] - Boots						

3.8 Rack or Conveyor Cleaning--Nickel/Gold

	Not Applicable	Rack Cleaning Method: [C]-Chemical bath on SF process line [D]-Chemical bath on another line
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR		[T]-Temporary chemical bath [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning [N]-None
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):		[O]-Continuous cleaning Conveyor Cleaning Method:
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning:		[C]-Chemical rinsing or soaking [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning
Number of personnel involved:		[N]-None [O]-Continuous cleaning
Personal protective equipment (see key):		Personal Protective Equipment: [E]-Eye Protection [G]-Glove
Average time required to clean:	min.	[L]-Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A]-Apror [R]-Respiratory Protection [B]-Boots [O]-Continuous Cleaning [N]-None [Z]-All except Respiratory Protection

3.9 Chemical Bath Sampling -- Nickel/Gold

Bath Type	Type of Sampling ^a	Frequency b	Duration of Sampling ^c	Protective Equipment ^d	Method of Sampling ^e
Example:	A	3 per day	5 min	E, G, A	P
Cleaner/ Conditioner					
Microetch					
Catalyst					
Acid Dip					
Acivator					
Electroless Nickel					
Immersion Gold					
Other (specify):					
Type of Sampling [A] - Automated [M] - Manual [N] - None Frequency: Enter the average time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft.).		² Duration of Sam verage time require a sample from the t ^a Protective Equipe the key for the above the letters for all prequipment used by performing the chest	d to manually take ank. pment: Consult re table and enter otective the person	E-Method of Samp [D] - Drain or spigo [P] - Pipette {L] - Ladle [O] - Other (specify	ot

3.10 Physical Data and Operating Conditions--Nickel/Gold
Complete the tables below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for each tank separately.

Average cycle time for a panel to complete entire nickel/gold process (includes cleaning and post cleaning steps, if any): min.

D 11		Physical Da	ta	Proces	ss Data	Operating Conditions			
Bath	Length (inches)	Width (inches)	Nominal Volume (gal)	Immersion Time ^a (seconds)	Drip _b Time (seconds)	Temp (°F)	Agitation (see key)	Vapor Control (see key)	
Cleaner/ Conditioner	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Microetch	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Catalyst	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Acid Dip	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Activator	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Electroless Nickel	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Immersion Gold	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Other (specify);	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
 a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersion the specific process bath. b Drip Time - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed above the specific process bath to allow drainage from panels. 					[PA] - Pan [CP] - Circ	Methods Key: el agitation culation pump sparge r (explain)	Vapor Control M [BC] - Bath cover [FE] - Fully enclose [VO] - Vent to outs [VC] - Vent to con [PP] - Push pull [O] - Other (explain	ed side trol	

3.11 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition --Nickel/Gold
Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bright type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more

Bath		Chemical Product Name	If two tanks of the same type are used within the Manufacturer (if applicable)	Annual Quantity Used ^a (gallons)
Cleaner	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Microetch	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Catalyst	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Acid Dip	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Activator	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Electroless Nickel	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Immersion Gold	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Other (specify)	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			

^a **Annual Quantity Used** - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

3.12 Chemical Bath Bailout and Additions--Nickel/Gold
Complete the following chart detailing the typical bath bailout and chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process bath. If more than three chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath Type	Bailout Frequency	Bailout Duration ^c (minutes)	Bailout Quantity	Personal Protective Equipment ^d		Chemical Product	s Added	Criteria for Addition ^a	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank ^b	Duration of Addition ^c (minutes)
Cleaner/ Conditioner		min.			1 2 3					min.
Microetch		min.			1 2 3					min.
Catalyst		min.			$\frac{1}{2}$					min.
Acid Dip		min.			1 2 3					min.
Activator		min.			1 2 3					min.
Electroless Nickel		min.			1 2 3					min.
Immersion Gold		min.			1 2 3					min.
Other (specify)		min.			1 2 3					min.
letter for the cri determine when necessary. [S] - Statistical	dditions - Enter teria typically us a bath additions process control are feet processe testing	the mether are the mether are [PR] - Pure defended from the action of the action are the mether	nod typically use oured mped manually on of Bailout on e retrieval of the ddition of all che		er th thro	e elapsed time ugh the completion enter the time	protective equations spent bath. [E] - Eye protection [A] - Apron [L] - Lab coal [R] - Respirat	uipment used by tection		s of <u>all</u> the sically replace the

3.13 Chemical Bath Replacement -- Nickel/Gold

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replacement ^a	Replacement Frequency ^b	Method of Spent Bath Removal ^c	Tank Cleaning Method ^d	Duration of Replacement Procedure ^e	Personal Protective Equipment ^f
Cleaner/Conditioner					min.	
Microetch					min.	
Catalyst					min.	
Acid Dip					min.	
Activator					min.	
Electroles Nickel					min.	
Immersion Gold					min.	
Other (specify)					min.	

^a Criteria for Replacement -

- [S] Statistical process control[P] Panel square feet processed[C] Chemical testing
- Time
- [O] Other (specify)

^c Methods of Spent Bath Removal-

- [P] Pump spent bath from tank [S] Siphon spent bath from tank [D] Drain spent bath from tank
- O Other (specify)

^d **Tank Cleaning Method -** [C] - Chemical flush

- [W] Water rinse
- [H] Hand scrub
- O Other (specify)
- ^e **Duration of Replacement -** Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

- f Personal Protective Equip. Enter the letters of <u>all</u> the protective equipment used by the workers who physically replace the spent bath.
- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- [L] Lab coat/sleeved garment
- [A] Apron [R] Respiratory protection
- [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [N] None

^b **Frequency -** Enter the average amount of time elapsed, or number of square feet processed, between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq.ft.).

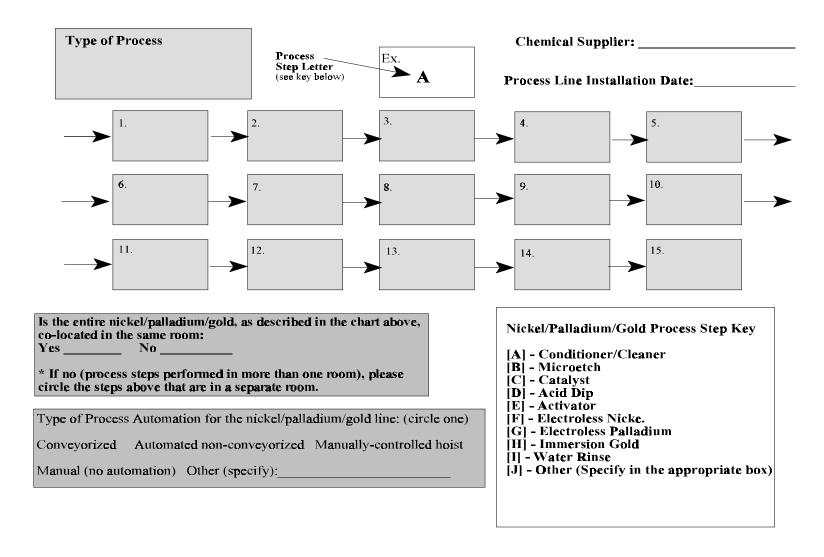
3.14 Process Waste Disposal -- Nickel/Gold

Bath Type	Annual Treated or	Volume Disposed ^a	Method of Treatment or Disposal ^b	_	Waste applicable)	Container Type
Cleaner/Conditi oner						
Microetch						
Catalyst						
Acid Dip						
Activator						
Electroless Nickel						
Immersion Gold						
Other (specify):						
^a Annual Volume 1 Disposed - Enter th amount of the speci treated or disposed. consider the volum from both bath cha and bailout before total.	e yearly fic bath Be sure to e treated unge outs	[P] - Precipita [N] - pH neutr [S] - Disposed	ed off-site	-site treatment	of bath was [OH]- Oper	type of sed for disposal tes n-head drum ed-head drum cal tote

Section 4. Electroless Nickel/Electroless Palladium/Immersion Gold Process

4.1 Process Schematic: Nickel/Palladium/Gold

Fill in the figure below for your electroless nickel/ electroless palladium/immersion gold surface finishing processes. Using the key at the botton of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue usin the key to fill in boxes for each step until your entire nickel/palladium/gold process is represented. If a particular process step is not represented the key below, complete the figure by writing in the name of the process step in your particular surface finishing line in the corresponding boxe(Finish by responding to the questions at the bottom of the page.



4.2 General Data--Nickel/Palladium/Gold

Number of days the nickel/palladium/gold line is in operation:	days/y r	Number of hours per day the nickel/palladium/gold line is in operation:	hrs/day
Estimated scrap rate (% of defective product) for the nickel/palladium/gold process:	%	Total of PWB surface square feet processed by the nickel/palladium/gold line per year:	ssf/yr

4.3 Process Area Employees--Nickel/Palladium/Gold
Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the nickel/palladium/gold line, and for what length of time. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities that require them to be physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category that is not applicable.

Type of Surface Finish Area Worker	Number of Employees in Surface Finish Process Area	Average Hours per Week per Employee in Surface Finish Process Area
Line Operators		hrs
Lab Technicians		hrs
Maintenance Workers		hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators		hrs
Supervisory Personnel		hrs
Other (specify):		hrs

4.4 Physical Settings--Nickel/Palladium/Gold

Size of the room containing the surface finish process:		sq. ft.	Height of room:	ft.
Are the overall process areas/rooms ventilated (circle one)?	Yes	No	Air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Do you have local vents (circle one)?	Yes	No	Local vent air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Overall surface finishing process line dim Length (ft.):		h (ft.):	Height (f	t.):

4.5 Rack Dimensions--Nickel/Palladium/Gold

Average number of panels per rack:		Average space between panels in rack:		in.
Average size of panel in rack:	Length (in.):			
Do you purposely	Yes	No		

4.6 Rinse Bath Water Usage--Nickel/Palladium/Gold
Consult the process schematic in section 2.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present in your nickel/palladium/gold process. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control method and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Total volume of water used by the surface finish line when operating:	gal./day
---	----------

Process Step Number ^a		Flow Control b	Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d		
Example:	8	R	2,400 gal./day	8→6		
			gal./day			
			gal./day			
	gal./day					
			gal./day			
			gal./day			
			gal./day			
a Process step number - Consult the process schematic in question 2.1 and enter the process step number of the specific water rinse tank. b Flow control - Consult key at right and enter the letter for the flow control method used for that specific rinse bath. c Daily water flow rate - Enter the average daily flow rate for the specific water rinse tank. d Cascade water process steps - Use the step numbers for rinses that are cascaded together. Flow Control Method: [C] - Conductivity No. [P] - pH Meter [V] - Operator Control Method: [N] - Flow Restricter [N] - None (continue control method used for that specific water rinse tank.						

4.7 Filter Replacement--Nickel/Palladium/Gold

		Not A	Applicable		
Bath(s) filtered (enter process step # from flow diagram in 2.1)					
Frequency of replacement:					
Duration of replacement process:					
Personal protective equipment (see key):					
Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E] - Eye Protection [G] - Gloves [Z] - All except Respiratory Protection [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A] - Apron [N] - None [R] - Respiratory Protection [B] - Boots					

4.8 Rack or Conveyor Cleaning--Nickel/Palladium/Gold

	Not Applicable		Rack Cleaning Method: [C]-Chemical bath on SF process line [D]-Chemical bath on another line
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR			[T]-Temporary chemical bath [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning [N]-None
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):			[O]-Continuous cleaning Conveyor Cleaning Method:
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning:			[C]-Chemical rinsing or soaking [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning
Number of personnel involved:			[N]-None [O]-Continuous cleaning
Personal protective equipment (see key):			Personal Protective Equipment: [E]-Eye Protection [G]-Glove
Average time required to clean:		min.	[L]-Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A]-Apro [R]-Respiratory Protection [B]-Boots [O]-Continuous Cleaning [N]-Non [Z]-All except Respiratory Protection

4.9 Chemical Bath Sampling --Nickel/Palladium/Gold

Bath Type	Type of Sampling ^a	Frequency b	Duration of Sampling ^c	Protective Equipment ^d	Method of Sampling ^e
Example:	A	3 per day	5 min	E , G , A	P
Cleaner/ Conditioner					
Microetch					
Catalyst					
Acid Dip					
Acivator					
Electroless Nickel					
Electroless Palladium					
Immersion Gold					
Other (specify):					
Type of Sampling [A] - Automated [M] - Manual [N] - None Frequency: Enter the average time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft.).		^e Duration of Sam verage time require a sample from the t ^d Protective Equip the key for the abov the letters for all pre- equipment used by performing the cher	d to manually take ank. pment: Consult re table and enter otective the person	E Method of Samp [D] - Drain or spigo [P] - Pipette {L] - Ladle [O] - Other (specify)	ot

4.10 Physical Data and Operating Conditions--Nickel/Palladium/Gold Complete the tables below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for each tank separately.

Average cycle time for a panel to complete entire surface finish process (includes cleaning and post cleaning steps, if any):	min.
---	------

		Physical Data	a	Proces	ss Data	Operating Conditions			
Bath	Length (inches)			Immersion Time ^a (seconds)	Drip _b Time (seconds)	Temp (°F)	Agitation (see key)	Vapor Control (see key)	
Cleaner/Conditioner	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Microetch	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Catalyst	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	° F			
Acid Dip	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	° F			
Activator	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	° F			
Electroless Nickel	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	° F			
Electroless Palladium	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	° F			
Immersion Gold	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Other (specify);	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	° F			
					_				
^a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is the specific process bath. ^b Drip Time - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is all above the specific process bath to allow drainage from panels.					[PA] - Panel agitation [CP] - Circulation pump		Vapor Control Methods Key: [BC] - Bath cover [FE] - Fully enclosed [VO] - Vent to outside [VC] - Vent to control [PP] - Push pull [O] - Other (explain)		

4.11 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition --Nickel/Palladium/Gold
Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more

Bath	acii anotic	Chemical Product Name	If two tanks of the same type are used within the Manufacturer (if applicable)	Annual Quantity Used ^a (gallons)
Cleaner	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Microetch	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Catalyst	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Acid Dip	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Activator	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Electroless Nickel	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Electroless Palladium	1.			
Palladium	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Immersion Gold	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Other (specify)	1.			
•	2.			
	3.			
	4.			

^a **Annual Quantity Used** - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

4.12 Chemical Bath Bailout and Additions--Nickel/Palladium/Gold
Complete the following chart detailing the typical bath bailout and chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process bath. If more than three chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath Type	Bailout Frequency	Bailout Duration ^c (minutes)	Bailout Quantity	Personal Protective Equipment ^d		Chemical Product	s Added	Criteria for Addition ^a	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank ^b	Duration of Addition ^c (minutes)
Cleaner/ Conditioner		min.			1 2 3					min.
Microetch		min.			1 2 3					min.
Catalyst		min.			1 2 3					min.
Acid Dip		min.			1 2 3					min.
Activator		min.			1 2 3					min.
Electroless Nickel		min.			1 2 3					min.
Electroless Palladium		min.			1 2 3					
Immersion Gold		min.			1 2 3					min.
Other (specify)		min.			1 2 3					min.
letter for the cri determine wher necessary. [S] - Statistical	process control are feet processe	the meth [PR] - Puration d *Duration the retrical	od typically use oured nped manually on of Bailout or eval of the chem of all chemicals	• Addition - Enter	r the	nter the letter for the tanks. e elapsed time from e completion of the ne time required to	protective equations spent bath. [E] - Eye protection [A] - Apron [L] - Lab coa [R] - Respirate	aipment used by ection		s of <u>all</u> the sically replace the

4.13 Chemical Bath Replacement -- Nickel/Palladium/Gold
Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replacement ^a	Repla Frequ	cement uency ^b	Method of Spent Bath Removal ^c	Tar Cleaning		Duration of Replacement Procedure ^e	Personal Protective Equipment ^f
Cleaner/Conditioner							min.	
Microetch							min.	
Catalyst							min.	
Acid Dip							min.	
Activator							min.	
Electroless Nickel							min.	
Electroless Palladium							min.	
Immersion Gold							min.	
Other (specify)							min.	
 a Criteria for Replacement - [S] - Statistical process control [P] - Panel square feet processed [C] - Chemical testing [T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) b Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed, or number of square feet processed, between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq.ft.). 		[P] - Pum [S] - Sipho [D] - Drai [O] - Othe d Tank C [C] - Cher [W] - Wat [H] - Hand [O] - Othe c Duratio elapsed tii		nter the of bath	of <u>all</u> the workers v [E] - Eye [G] - Glo [L] - Lab [A] - Apr [R] - Res [B] - Boo	coat/sleeved garment on piratory protection ts except respiratory prot	ised by the the spent bath.	

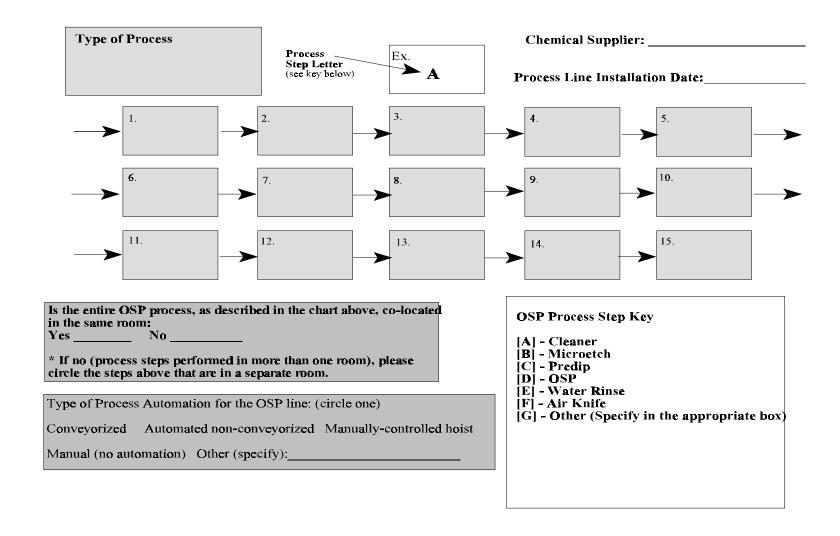
4.14 Process Waste Disposal -- Nickel/Palladium/Gold

Bath Type	Annual Treated or	Volume Disposed ^a	Method of Treatment or Disposal ^b		Waste pplicable)	Container Type
Cleaner/ Conditioner						
Microetch						
Catalyst						
Acid Dip						
Activator						
Electroless Nickel						
Electroless Palladium						
Immersion Gold						
Other (specify):						
Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed. Be sure to consider the volume treated from both bath change outs and bailout before entering the [P] - Prec [N] - pH [S] - Dis [D] - Dru [RN] - R [RF] - Rec [RF] -		[P] - Precipita [N] - pH neutr [S] - Disposed	ed off-site	site treatment	of bath was [OH]- Oper	type of sed for disposal tes n-head drum ed-head drum cal tote

Section 5. Organic Solder Preservative (OSP) Process

5.1 Process Schematic: OSP

Fill in the figure below for your OSP surface finishing process. Using the key at the bottom of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step until your entire process is represented. If a particular step is not represented by the key below, complete the figure by writing in the name of the process step in your particular surface finishing line in the corresponding box(es). Finish by responding to the questions at the bottom of the page.



5.2 **General Data--OSP**

Number of days the OSP line is in operation:	days/yr	Number of hours per day the OSP line is in operation:	hrs/day
Estimated scrap rate (% of defective product) for the OSP process:	%	Total of PWB surface square feet processed by the OSP line per year:	ssf/yr

5.3 Process Area Employees--OSPComplete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the OSP line, and for what length of time. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities that require them to be physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category that is not applicable.

Type of Surface Finish Area Worker	Number of Employees in Surface Finish Process Area	Average Hours per Week per Employee in Surface Finish Process Area
Line Operators		hrs
Lab Technicians		hrs
Maintenance Workers		hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators		hrs
Supervisory Personnel		hrs
Other (specify):		hrs

5.4 **Physical Settings--OSP**

Size of the room containing the surface finish process:		sq. ft.	Height of room:	ft.
Are the overall process areas/rooms ventilated (circle one)?	Yes	No	Air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Do you have local vents (circle one)?	Yes	No	Local vent air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Overall surface finishing process line dim Length (ft.):		h (ft.):	Height (f	t.):

5.5 **Rack Dimensions--OSP**

Average number of panels per rack:		Average space between panels in rack:		in.
Average size of panel in rack:	Length (in.):	Width (in.):		
Do you purposely	slow the withdra	w rate of your panels from process baths to reduce drag-out? (Circle one)	Yes	No

Consult the process schematic in section 2.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present in your OSP process. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control method and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Process Step Number ^a	Flow Control b	Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d		
Example: 8	8 R 2,400 gal./day		8→6		
		gal./day			
		gal./day			
		gal./day			
ga					
		gal./day			
a Process step number - Center the process step number b Flow control - Consult key method used for that specific Daily water flow rate - Ewater rinse tank. d Cascade water process step cascaded together.	Flow Control Methods Key [C] - Conductivity Meter [P] - pH Meter [V] - Operator Control Valve [R] - Flow Restricter [N] - None (continuous flow) [O] - Other (explain)				

5.7 Filter Replacement--OSP

		Not A	Applicable	
Bath(s) filtered (enter process step # from flow diagram in 2.1)				
Frequency of replacement:				
Duration of replacement process:				
Personal protective equipment (see key):				
Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E] - Eye Protection [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A] - Apron [R] - Respiratory Protection [B] - Boots	[Z] - All exce [N] - None	ept Respiratory P	rotection	

5.8 Rack or Conveyor Cleaning--OSP

	Not Applicable		Rack Cleaning Method: [C]-Chemical bath on SF process line [D]-Chemical bath on another line
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR			[T]-Temporary chemical bath [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning [N]-None
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):			[O]-Continuous cleaning Conveyor Cleaning Method:
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning:			[C]-Chemical rinsing or soaking [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning
Number of personnel involved:			[N]-None [O]-Continuous cleaning
Personal protective equipment (see key):			Personal Protective Equipment: [E]-Eye Protection [G]-Glove
Average time required to clean:		min.	[L]-Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A]-Apro [R]-Respiratory Protection [B]-Boots [O]-Continuous Cleaning [N]-Non [Z]-All except Respiratory Protection

5.9 Chemical Bath Sampling -- OSP

Bath Type	Type of Sampling ^a	Frequency b	Duration of Sampling ^c	Protective Equipment ^d	Method of Sampling ^e
Example:	A	3 per day	5 min	E, G, A	P
Cleaner					
Microetch					
Other (specify):					
a Type of Sampling [A] - Automated [M] - Manual [N] - None b Frequency: Enter the average time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft.).		EDuration of Sam verage time require a sample from the temperature and the key for the about the letters for all prequipment used by performing the cherosteric description.	d to manually take ank. pment: Consult re table and enter otective the person	EMethod of Samp [D] - Drain or spigo [P] - Pipette {L] - Ladle [O] - Other (specify)	ot

5.10 Physical Data and Operating Conditions--OSP Complete the tables below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for each tank separately.

Average cycle time for a panel to complete entire OSP process (includes cleaning and post cleaning steps, if any): min.

		Physical Data			ss Data	Operating Conditions			
Bath	Length (inches)	Width (inches)	Nominal Volume (gal)	Immersion Time ^a (seconds)	Drip _b Time (seconds)	Temp (°F)	Agitation (see key)	Vapor Control (see key)	
Cleaner	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Microetch	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Flux	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Solder	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Post-Clean	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	° F			
Other (specify);	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
 a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath. b Drip Time - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to han above the specific process bath to allow drainage from panels. 					[PA] - Panel agitation [CP] - Circulation pump [AS] - Air sparge [O] - Other (explain) [BC] - Bath of Fellow Fell		Vapor Control M [BC] - Bath cover [FE] - Fully enclos [VO] - Vent to out [VC] - Vent to con [PP] - Push pull [O] - Other (explain	ed side trol	

5.11 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition -OSP
Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath		Chemical Product Name	f two tanks of the same type are used within the t Manufacturer (if applicable)	Annual Quantity Used ^a (gallons)
Cleaner	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Microetch	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Flux	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Solder	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Post-Clean	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Other (specify)	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			

^a **Annual Quantity Used** - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

5.12 Chemical Bath Bailout and Additions--OSP
Complete the following chart detailing the typical bath bailout and chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process bath. If more than three chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath Type	Bailout Frequency	Bailout Duration ^c (minutes)	Bailout Quantity	Personal Protective Equipment ^d		Chemical Product	ts Added	Criteria for Addition ^a	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank ^b	Duration of Addition ^c (minutes)
Cleaner		min.			1 2 3					min.
Microetch		min.			1 2 3					min.
Flux		min.			1 2 3				-	min.
Solder		min.			1 2 3					min.
Post-Clean		min.			1 2 3					min.
Other (specify)		min.			1 2 3					min.
letter for the cri determine when necessary. [S] - Statistical	dditions - Enter teria typically us a bath additions process control are feet processe testing	the metler of th	nod typically use Poured mped manually on of Bailout or eval of the chem of all chemical	r Addition - Ente	ils to r the h th er th		protective eq spent bath. [E] - Eye pro [A] - Apron [L] - Lab coa [R] - Respira	uipment used by tection		s of <u>all</u> the sically replace the

5.13 Chemical Bath Replacement -- OSP Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replacement ^a	Replacement Frequency ^b	Method of Spent Bath Removal ^c	Tan Cleaning I		Duration of Replacement Procedure ^e	Personal Protective Equipment ^f
Cleaner						min.	
Microetch						min.	
Flux						min.	
Solder						min.	
Post-Clean						min.	
Other (specify)						min.	
a Criteria for Replacem [S] - Statistical process of [P] - Panel square feet pro [C] - Chemical testing [T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) b Frequency - Enter the elapsed, or number of squ bath replacements. Clear sq.ft.).	ontrol ocessed average amount of time	[P] - Purr [S] - Siph [D] - Dra [O] - Oth ^d Tank ([C] - Che [W] - Wa Irs, [H] - Har [O] - Oth ^e Durati elapsed ti		nter the	of <u>all</u> the workers v [E] - Eye [G] - Glo [L] - Lab [A] - Apr [R] - Res [B] - Boo	coat/sleeved garment on piratory protection ts except respiratory prot	used by the the spent bath.

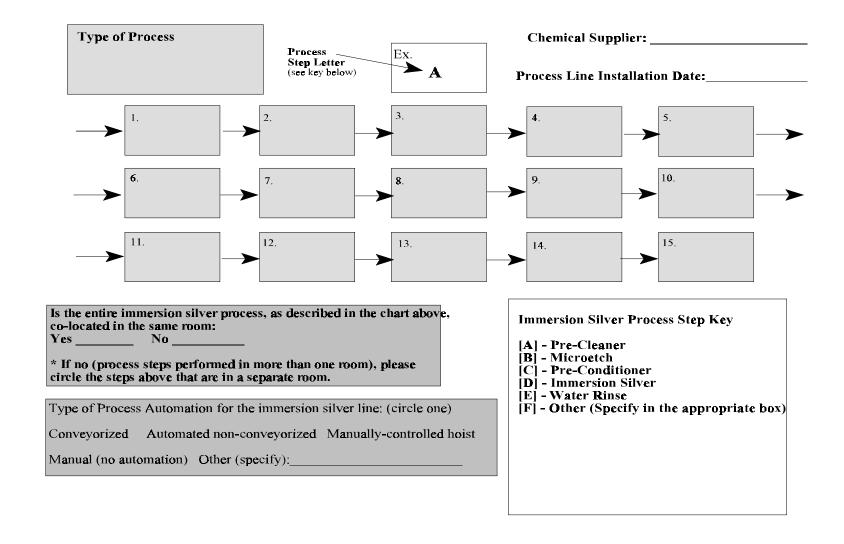
5.14 Process Waste Disposal -- OSP

Bath Type		Volume Disposed ^a	Method of Treatment or Disposal ^b	RCRA Code (if a	Waste pplicable)	Container Type
Cleaner						
Microetch						
Flux						
Solder						
Post-Clean						
Other (specify):						
^a Annual Volume Toisposed - Enter the amount of the specitreated or disposed. consider the volum from both bath chand bailout before total.	e yearly fic bath Be sure to e treated unge outs	[P] - Precipita [N] - pH neut [S] - Disposed	ed off-site	-site treatment	of bath was [OH]- Oper	type of sed for disposal tes n-head drum ed-head drum cal tote

Section 6. Immersion Silver Process

6.1 Process Schematic: Immersion Silver

Fill in the figure below for your immersion silver surface finishing process. Using the key at the bottom of the page, dentify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step until your entire immersion silver process is represented. If a particular process step is not represented by the key below, complete the figure by writing in the name of the process step in your particular surface finishing line in the corresponding bbox(es). Finish by responding to the questions at the bottom of the page.



6.2 **General Data--Immersion Silver**

Number of days the immersion silver line is in operation:	days/yr	Number of hours per day the immersion silver line is in operation:	hrs/day
Estimated scrap rate (% of defective product) for the immersion silver process:	%	Total of PWB surface square feet processed by the immersion silver line per year:	ssf/yr

6.3 Process Area Employees--Immersion Silver
Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the immersion silver line, and for what length of time. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities that require them to be physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category that is not applicable.

Type of Surface Finish Area Worker	Number of Employees in Surface Finish Process Area	Average Hours per Week per Employee in Surface Finish Process Area
Line Operators		hrs
Lab Technicians		hrs
Maintenance Workers		hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators		hrs
Supervisory Personnel		hrs
Other (specify):		hrs

6.4 **Physical Settings--Immersion Silver**

Size of the room containing the surface finish process:		sq. ft.	Height of room:	ft.
Are the overall process areas/rooms ventilated (circle one)?	Yes	No	Air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Do you have local vents (circle one)?	Yes	No	Local vent air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Overall surface finishing process line dim Length (ft.):		h (ft.):	Height (f	·t.):

6.5 **Rack Dimensions--Immersion Silver**

Average number of panels per rack:		Average space between panels in rack:		in.
Average size of panel in rack:	Length (in.):	Width (in.):		
Do you purposely	slow the withdra	w rate of your panels from process baths to reduce drag-out? (Circle one)	Yes	No

6.6 R	inse Bath	Water	Usage	Immersion	Silver
-------	-----------	-------	-------	-----------	--------

Consult the process schematic in section 2.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present in your nickel/gold process. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control method and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Total volume of water used by the surface finish line when operating:	gal./day
---	----------

Process Step Number ^a	Flow Control b	Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d
Example:	R R	2,400 gal./day	8→6
		gal./day	
a Process step number - enter the process step numb b Flow control - Consult method used for that spec c Daily water flow rate - water rinse tank. d Cascade water process cascaded together.	Flow Control Methods Key [C] - Conductivity Meter [P] - pH Meter [V] - Operator Control Valve [R] - Flow Restricter [N] - None (continuous flow) [O] - Other (explain)		

6.7 Filter Replacement--Immersion Silver

		Not A	Applicable	
Bath(s) filtered (enter process step # from flow diagram in 2.1)				
Frequency of replacement:				
Duration of replacement process:				
Personal protective equipment (see key):				
Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E] - Eye Protection [G] - Gloves [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A] - Apron [R] - Respiratory Protection [B] - Boots	[Z] - All exce [N] - None	pt Respiratory P	rotection	

6.8 Rack or Conveyor Cleaning--Immersion Silver

	Not Applicable		Rack Cleaning Method: [C]-Chemical bath on SF process line [D]-Chemical bath on another line
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR			[T]-Temporary chemical bath [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning [N]-None
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):			[O]-Continuous cleaning Conveyor Cleaning Method:
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning:			[C]-Chemical rinsing or soaking [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning
Number of personnel involved:			[M]-None [O]-Continuous cleaning
Personal protective equipment (see key):			Personal Protective Equipment: [E]-Eve Protection [G]-Glove
Average time required to clean:		min.	[L]-Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A]-Aproi [R]-Respiratory Protection [B]-Boots
			[O]-Continuous Cleaning [N]-Non [Z]-All except Respiratory Protection

6.9 Chemical Bath Sampling --Immersion Silver

Bath Type	Type of Sampling ^a	Frequency b	Duration of Sampling ^c	Protective Equipment ^d	Method of Sampling ^e
Example:	A	3 per day	5 min	E, G, A	P
Pre-Cleaner					
Microetch					
Pre-Conditioner					
Immersion Silver					
Other (specify):					
Type of Samplin A - Automated M - Manual N - None Frequency: Entime elapsed or nur ft. processed betwee Clearly specify unit ft.).	er the average nber of panel sq. een samples.	Duration of Sam verage time require a sample from the t Protective Equipe the key for the above the letters for all preequipment used by performing the cherosteric product of the same series of	d to manually take ank. coment: Consult be table and enter of tective the person	EMethod of Samp [D] - Drain or spigo [P] - Pipette {L] - Ladle [O] - Other (specify)	ot

6.10 Physical Data and Operating Conditions--Immersion Silver
Complete the tables below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for each tank separately.

Average cycle time for a panel to complete entire immersion silver process (includes cleaning and post cleaning steps, if any): min.

	Physical Data		Proces	Process Data O _I			perating Conditions		
Bath	Length (inches)	Width (inches)	Nominal Volume (gal)	Immersion Time ^a (seconds)	Drip _b Time (seconds)	Temp (°F)	Agitation (see key)	Vapor Control (see key)	
Pre-Cleaner	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Microetch	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Pre-Conditioner	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Immersion Silver	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Other (specify):	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
^a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath. ^b Drip Time - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific process bath to allow drainage from panels.						Methods Key: el agitation culation pump sparge r (explain)	Vapor Control Methods Key: [BC] - Bath cover [FE] - Fully enclosed [VO] - Vent to outside [VC] - Vent to control [PP] - Push pull [O] - Other (explain)		

6.11 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition --Immersion Silver
Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath		Chemical Product Name	Manufacturer (if applicable)	Annual Quantity Used ^a (gallons)
Pre-Cleaner	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Microetch	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Pre-Conditioner	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Immersion Silver	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Other (specify)	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			

^a **Annual Quantity Used** - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

6.12 Chemical Bath Bailout and Additions--Immersion Silver
Complete the following chart detailing the typical bath bailout and chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process bath. If more than three chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath Type	Bailout Frequency	Bailout Duration ^c (minutes)	Bailout Quantity	Personal Protective Equipment ^d		Chemical Product	ts Added	Criteria for Addition ^a	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank ^b	Duration of Addition ^c (minutes)
Pre-Cleaner		min.			1 2 3					min.
Microetch		min.			$\frac{1}{2}$					min.
Pre- Conditioner		min.			$\frac{1}{2}$					min.
Immersion Silver		min.			1 2 3					min.
Other (specify)		min.			1 2 3					min.
		min.			1 2 3					min.
b Method of Chemical Additions are the determine when bath additions are necessary. [S] - Statistical process control [P] - Panel square feet processed [C] - Chemical testing [T] - Time [O] - Other [D] - Other			ed to add chemica [S] - Scooped [O] - Other Addition - Ente nical stock throug s. For bailout, ent	r the	e elapsed time from e completion of the	protective eq spent bath. [E] - Eye pro [A] - Apron [L] - Lab coa [R] - Respira	uipment used by tection		s of <u>all</u> the sically replace the	

6.13 Chemical Bath Replacement --Immersion Silver
Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replacement ^a	Replacement Frequency ^b	Method of Spent Bath Removal ^c	Tan Cleaning I		Duration of Replacement Procedure ^e	Personal Protective Equipment ^f
Pre-Cleaner						min.	
Microetch						min.	
Pre-Conditioner						min.	
Immersion Silver						min.	
Other (specify)						min.	
[S] - Statistical process of [P] - Panel square feet pro [C] - Chemical testing [T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) b Frequency - Enter the elapsed, or number of square feet process.	[T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) b Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed, or number of square feet processed, between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours,		ds of Spent Bath Remon spent bath from tank in spent bath from tank er (specify) Cleaning Method - mical flush iter rinse in discrub er (specify) on of Replacement - Eme from the beginning intil the replacement bath	nter the of bath	of <u>all</u> the workers v [E] - Eye [G] - Glo [L] - Lab [A] - Apr [R] - Res [B] - Boo	coat/sleeved garment on piratory protection ts except respiratory prote	ised by the the spent bath.

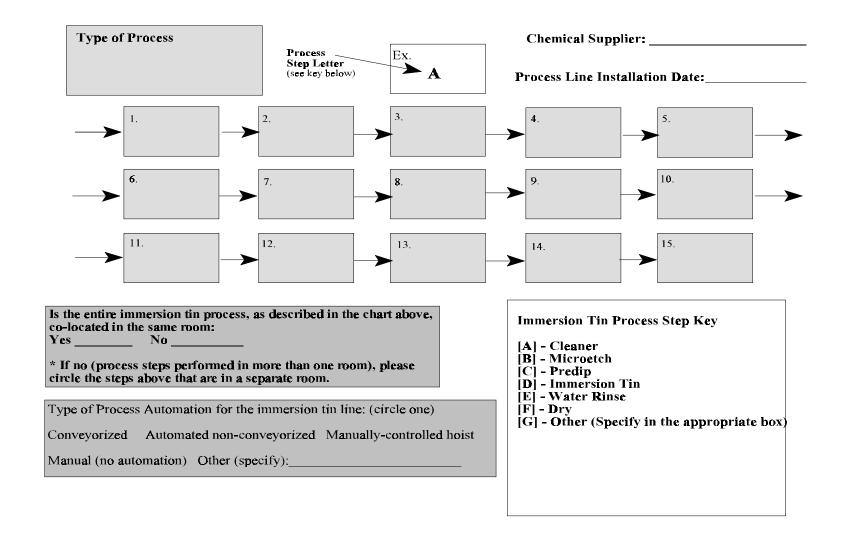
6.14 Process Waste Disposal -- Immersion Silver

Bath Type	Annual Volume Treated or Disposed ^a		Method of Treatment or Disposal ^b	RCRA Waste Code (if applicable)		Container Type
Pre-Cleaner						
Microetch						
Pre-Conditioner						
Immersion Silver						
Other (specify):						
Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed. Be sure to [P] - Precipita [N] - pH neutron [S] - Disposed			ed off-site	site treatment	of bath was [OH]- Oper	e type of sed for disposal stes n-head drum ed-head drum cal tote

Section 7. Immersion Tin Process

7.1 Process Schematic: Immersion Tin

Fill in the figure below for your immersion tin surface finishing processes. Using the key at the bottom of the page, dentify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step intil your entire immersion tin process is represented. If a particular process step is not represented by the key below, complete the figure b writing in the name of the process step in your particular surface finishing line in the corresponding boxe(s). Finish by responding to the questions at the bottom of the page.



7.2 **General Data--Immersion Tin**

Number of days the immersion tin line is in operation:	days/yr	Number of hours per day the immersion tin line is in operation:	hrs/day
Estimated scrap rate (% of defective product) for the immersion tin process:	%	Total of PWB surface square feet processed by the immersion tin line per year:	ssf/yr

7.3 Process Area Employees--Immersion Tin
Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the immersion tin line, and for what length of time. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities that require them to be physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category that is not applicable.

Type of Surface Finish Area Worker	Number of Employees in Surface Finish Process Area	Average Hours per Week per Employee in Surface Finish Process Area
Line Operators		hrs
Lab Technicians		hrs
Maintenance Workers		hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators		hrs
Supervisory Personnel		hrs
Other (specify):		hrs

7.4 **Physical Settings--Immersion Tin**

Size of the room containing the surface finish process:		sq. ft.	Height of room:	ft.
Are the overall process areas/rooms ventilated (circle one)?	Yes	No	Air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Do you have local vents (circle one)?	Yes	No	Local vent air flow rate:	cu. ft./min.
Overall surface finishing process line dim Length (ft.):		h (ft.):	Height (f	it.):

7.5 **Rack Dimensions--Immersion Tin**

Average number of panels per rack:		Average space between panels in rack:		in.
Average size of panel in rack:	Length (in.):			
Do you purposely	Yes	No		

7.6	Rinse Bath	Water	UsageImmersion	ı Tin
-----	------------	-------	----------------	-------

Consult the process schematic in section 2.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present in your immersion tin process. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control method and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Total volume of water used by the surface finish line when operating:	gal./day
---	----------

Process Step Number ^a	Flow Control b	Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d
Example: 8	R	2,400 gal./day	8→6
		gal./day	
^a Process step number - 0 enter the process step numb ^b Flow control - Consult k method used for that specif ^c Daily water flow rate - H water rinse tank. ^d Cascade water process stank cascaded together.	Flow Control Methods Key [C] - Conductivity Meter [P] - pH Meter [V] - Operator Control Valve [R] - Flow Restricter [N] - None (continuous flow) [O] - Other (explain)		

7.7 Filter Replacement--Immersion Tin

		Not A	Applicable	
Bath(s) filtered (enter process step # from flow diagram in 2.1)				
Frequency of replacement:				
Duration of replacement process:				
Personal protective equipment (see key):				
Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E] - Eye Protection [G] - Gloves [L] - Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A] - Apron [R] - Respiratory Protection [B] - Boots	[Z] - All exce [N] - None	ept Respiratory P	rotection	

7.8 Rack or Conveyor Cleaning--Immersion Tin

	Not Applicable	Not Applicable			
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR			[T]-Temporary chemical bath [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical [M]-Non-chemical cleaning [N]-None		
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):			[O]-Continuous cleaning Conveyor Cleaning Method:		
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning:		[C]-Chemical rinsing or soaking [S]-Manual scrubbing with chemical			
Number of personnel involved:			[M]-Non-chemical cleaning [N]-None [O]-Continuous cleaning		
Personal protective equipment (see key):			Personal Protective Equipment: [E]-Eye Protection [G]-Glove		
Average time required to clean:		min.	[L]-Lab coat/Sleeved garment [A]-Aprox [R]-Respiratory Protection [B]-Boots		
			[O]-Continuous Cleaning [N]-Non [Z]-All except Respiratory Protection		

7.9 Chemical Bath Sampling -Immersion Tin

Bath Type	Type of Sampling ^a	Frequency b	Duration of Sampling ^c	Protective Equipment ^d	Method of Sampling ^e
Example:	A	3 per day	5 min	E, G, A	P
Cleaner					
Microetch					
Predip					
Immersion Tin					
Other (specify):					
a Type of Sampling [A] - Automated [M] - Manual [N] - None b Frequency: Enter the average time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft.).		EDuration of Sam verage time require a sample from the to easily the key for the above the letters for all prequipment used by performing the cher	d to manually take ank. consult re table and enter otective the person	EMethod of Samp [D] - Drain or spigo [P] - Pipette {L] - Ladle [O] - Other (specify)	ot

7.10 Physical Data and Operating Conditions--Immersion Tin
Complete the tables below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for each tank separately.

Average cycle time for a panel to complete entire immersion tin process (includes cleaning and post cleaning steps, if any): min.

		Physical Dat	a	Proces	ss Data	Operating Conditions			
Bath	Length (inches)	Width (inches)	Nominal Volume (gal)	Immersion Time ^a (seconds)	Drip _b Time (seconds)	Temp (°F)	Agitation (see key)	Vapor Control (see key)	
Cleaner	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Microetch	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Predip	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Immersion Tin	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
Other (specify):	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
^a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath. ^b Drip Time - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific process bath to allow drainage from panels.					[PA] - Pan [CP] - Circ	Methods Key: el agitation el agitation pump sparge r (explain)	Vapor Control Methods Key: [BC] - Bath cover [FE] - Fully enclosed [VO] - Vent to outside [VC] - Vent to control [PP] - Push pull [O] - Other (explain)		

7.11 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition --Immersion Tin
Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath		Chemical Product Name	Manufacturer (if applicable)	Annual Quantity Used ^a (gallons)
Cleaner	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Microetch	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Predip	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Immersion Tin	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
Other (specify)	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			

^a **Annual Quantity Used** - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

7.12 Chemical Bath Bailout and Additions--Immersion Tin
Complete the following chart detailing the typical bath bailout and chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process bath. If more than three chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

Bath Type	Bailout Frequency	Bailout Duration ^c (minutes)	Bailout Quantity	Personal Protective Equipment ^d		Chemical Product	s Added	Criteria for Addition ^a	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank ^b	Duration of Addition ^c (minutes)
Cleaner		min.			1 2 3					min.
Microetch		min.			1 2 3					min.
Predip		min.			1 2 3					min.
Immersion Tin		min.			1 2 3					min.
Other (specify)		min.			1 2 3					min.
		min.			1 2 3					min.
letter for the cri determine when necessary. [S] - Statistical	dditions - Enter teria typically us a bath additions process control are feet processe testing	method [PR] - F [P] - Pu ed cd cd cd cd cd cd cd cd cd	typically used to Poured mped manually on of Bailout or e retrieval of the ddition of all che	o add chemicals to [S] - Scooped [O] - Other	r th	e elapsed time ugh the completion enter the time	protective eq spent bath. [E] - Eye pro [A] - Apron [L] - Lab coa [R] - Respira	uipment used by tection		s of <u>all</u> the sically replace the

7.13 Chemical Bath Replacement -- Immersion Tin
Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replacement ^a	Replacement Frequency ^b	Method of Spent Bath Removal ^c	Tan Cleaning I			Personal Protective Equipment ^f
Cleaner						min.	
Microetch						min.	
Predip						min.	
Immersion Tin						min.	
Other (specify)						min.	
^a Criteria for Replacement - [S] - Statistical process control [P] - Panel square feet processed [C] - Chemical testing [T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) ^b Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed, or number of square feet processed, between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq.ft.).		[P] - Pun [S] - Sipl [D] - Dra [O] - Oth	c Methods of Spent Bath Remove [P] - Pump spent bath from tank [S] - Siphon spent bath from tank [D] - Drain spent bath from tank [O] - Other (specify) d Tank Cleaning Method - [C] - Chemical flush [W] - Water rinse [H] - Hand scrub [O] - Other (specify) e Duration of Replacement - Enter elapsed time from the beginning of removal until the replacement bath		of <u>all</u> the workers v [E] - Eye [G] - Glo [L] - Lab [A] - Apr [R] - Res [B] - Boo	coat/sleeved garment on piratory protection ts except respiratory prot	ased by the the spent bath.

7.14 Process Waste Disposal -- Immersion Tin

Bath Type	Annual Volume Treated or Disposed ^a		Method of Treatment or Disposal ^b		Waste pplicable)	Container Type
Cleaner						
Microetch						
Predip						
Immersion Tin						
Other (specify):						
^a Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed. Be sure to consider the volume treated from both bath change outs and bailout before entering the total.		[P] - Precipita [N] - pH neutr [S] - Disposed	ed off-site	-site treatment	of bath was [OH]- Oper	e type of sed for disposal stes n-head drum ed-head drum cal tote

Facility Identification:
Company

Design for the Environment

Printed Wiring Board Project

Performance Demonstration Questionnaire

Please complete this questionnaire, make a copy for your records, and send the original to:

Ellen Moore Abt Associates 55 Wheeler St. Cambridge, MA 02138 Fax: (617) 349-2660

Note: The completed questionnaire must be returned <u>PRIOR TO</u> the scheduled site visit.

FACILITY AND CONTACT INFORMATION

1	variic.												
Site N	Name:												
Street Ad	dress:												
	City:						Sta	ate:		Zip:			
Contact Id	entifica	tion:	Enter th	ne nam	es of th	ne persor	ıs wh	o car	be contac	ted regard	ing th	is surv	ev.
Name:													•
Title:													
Phone:													
Fax:													
E-Mail:													

Section 1. Facility Characterization

Estimate manufacturing data for the previous 12 month period or other convenient time period of 12 consecutive months (e.g., FY96). Only consider the portion of the facility dedicated to PWB manufacturing when entering employee and facility size data.

1.1 General Information

Size of portion of facility used for manufacturing PWBs.	Sq. Ft.	Number of days Surface Finish line is in operation:	days/yr
Size of portion of facility used for surface finishing.	Sq. Ft.		

1.2 Process Type

Estimate the percentage of PWBs manufactured at your facility using the following methods for surface finishing (SF). Specify "other" entry.

Type of PWB process	Percent of total	Type of PWB process	Percent of Total
HASL	%	Electroless Palladium	%
OSP-Thick	%	Electroless Nickel/Immersion Gold	%
OSP-Thin	%	Other:	%
Immersion Tin	%	Other:	%
Immersion Silver	%	TOTAL	100%

1.3 General Process Line Data

Process Data	Hours
Number of hours the Surface Finishing line is in operation per day:	

1.4 Process Area Employees

Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the Surface Finishing line and for what length of time. Report the number of hours per employee. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry. Enter "N/A" in any category not applicable.

Type of Process Area Worker	Number of Employees in Process Area	Average Hours per Week per Employee in Process Area
Line Operators		Hrs.
Lab Technicians		Hrs.
Maintenance Workers		Hrs.
Wastewater Treatment Operators		Hrs.
Supervisory Personnel		Hrs.
Other:		Hrs.
Other:		Hrs.

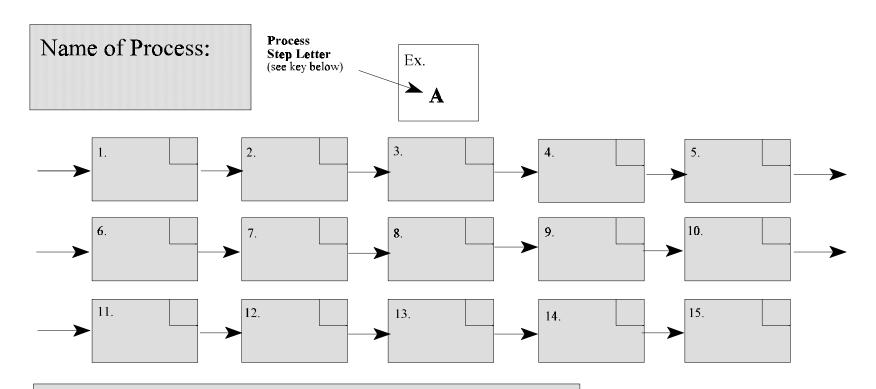
1.5 Wastewater Discharge and Sludge Data

Wastewater discharge type (check one)	Direct	Indirect	Zero			
Annual weight (quantity in pounds) of sludge gen						
Is sludge dewatered prior to disposal?						
% water content prior to dewatering:						
% water content after dewatering:						

Section 2. Process Description: Immersion Tin

2.1 Process Schematic

Fill in the following table by identifying what type of surface finishing process (e.g., HASL) your facility uses. Then, using the proper key at the bottom of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step in your process until your entire surface finishing process is represented. If your process is not represented by a key below, complete the chart by writing in the name of each process step in your particular surface finishing line.



Immersion Tin Process Step Key

[A] - Cleaner [B] - Microetch [C] - Predip

[D] - Immersion Tin
[E] - Water Rinse
[F] - Other (specify step)

2.2 Rinse Bath Water Usage
Consult the process schematic in section 2.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control method and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Amount of wa	ater used	gal/day		
Process Step Nu	mber ^a	Flow Control ^b	Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d
Example:	8	R	2,400 gal./day	8 6
			gal./day	
			gal./day	
			gal./day	
			gal/.day	
			gal./day	
			gal./day	
			gal./day	
^a Process step nur enter the process st ^b Flow control - C method used for th ^c Daily water flow water rinse tank. ^d Cascade water p cascaded together.	tep numbe Consult key nat specific v rate - En	Flow Control Methods Key [C] - Conductivity Meter [P] - pH Meter [V] - Operator Control Valve [R] - Flow Restricter [N] - None (continuous flow) [O] - Other (explain)		

2.3 **Process Parameters**

		sq. ft.		
				Height of room
Are the overall process a	reas (not tank vent) ventilated?	(Circle one)	N	0
		cu.ft.min.		
	N	0		
	Local vent	air flow rate:		cu. Ft./min.
Type of process automation for	surface finishing line: (circle o	ne)		
Automated non-conveyorized	Automated conveyorized	Manually	controlled hoise	
Manual (no automation)	Other, specify:			

2.4 Physical, Process, and Operating ConditionsComplete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME
Acid cleaner	in.	in	gal.
Microetch	in.	in	gal.
Acid predip	in.	in	gal.
Immersion tin	in.	in	gal.
Other (specify)	in.	in	gal.
	in.	in	gal.
	in.	in	gal.
	in.	in	gal.

2.5 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН		CHEMICAL PRODUCT NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	ANNUAL QUANTITY USED ^a (gallons)
CLEANER	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
MICROETCH	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
ACID PREDIP	1.			
	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
IMMERSION	1.			
TIN	2.			
	3.			
	4.			
OTHER	1.			
(specify)	2.			
	3.		-	
	4.		-	

^a Annual Quantity Used - If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs).

2.6 Chemical Bath Replacement Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

Bath Type	Criteria for Replaçement	Frequency	Tank Cleaning Method ^c	Duration of Replacement Procedure ^d	Personal Protective Equipment ^e	Method of Treatment or Disposal ^f	Annual Volume Treated or Disposed ^g
ACID CLEANER					min.		
MICROETCH					min.		
ACID PREDIP					min.		
IMMERSION TIN					min.		
[S] - Statistical proce [P] - Panel square fe [C] - Chemical testin [T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) * Frequency - Enter of time elapsed, or n processed, between Clearly specify units etc.)	^a Criteria for Replacement - [S] - Statistical process control [P] - Panel square feet processed [C] - Chemical testing [T] - Time [O] - Other (specify) ^b Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed, or number of square feet processed, between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq.ft., etc.) ^c Tank Cleaning Method [C] - Chemical Flush [W] - Water Rinse [H] - Hand Scrub		tion of Replace the elapsed time removal until the hed. nal Protective the letters of all the help the protection loves ab coat/sleeved pronespiratory protections of the help the hel	From the beginning he replacement bath Equip the protective workers who spent bath. garment	f Methods of Spen [P] - Precipitation I [N] - PH Neutraliza [S] - Disposed dire. [D] - Drummed for [RN] - Recycled on [RF] - Recycled off [O] - Other (specify Fannual Vol. Trea Enter the yearly am disposed. Needed	Pretreatment on-site ation Pretreatment ctly to sewer with off-site treatment a-site f-site y) at. Or Disp and of the specification	te on-site no treatment or disposal

2.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process bath. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made <u>automatically</u>, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for

a single tank only.			toruminis for that bath. If			·
Bath Type		Chemical Products Added	Criteria for Replacement ^a	Method of Chemical Addition to Tank ^b	Duration of Addition ^c (minutes)	Personal Protective Equipment ^d
CLEANER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
MICROETCH	1.					
	2.			1		
	3.			1		
	4.					
ACID PREDIP	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
IMMERSION TIN	1.					
	2.			1		
	3.			1		
	4.					
OTHER (specify):	1.					
	2.					
	3.			1		
	4.					
*Criteria for Replacement - Enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary. [S] - Statistical Process Control [P] - Panel Square Feet Processed [C] - Chemical Testing [T] - Time [O] - Other		bMethod of Chemical Addition Enter the letters for the method ty the tanks. [P] - Pumped Manually [PR] - Poured [S] - Scooped [O] - Other Duration of Addition - Enter th retrieval of the chemical stock thre addition of all chemicals	pically used to add chemicals to	dPersonal Protective Equipmen protective equipment worn by the the spent bath. [E] - Eye protection [G] - Gloves [L] - Labcoat/Sleeved garment [A] - Apron [R] - Respiratory protection [B] - Boots [Z] - All except Respiratory Prote [N] - None	workers physically replacing	

Observer Data Sheet

Observer Data Sheet DfE PWB Performance Demonstrations

Facility name and location:					
Surface finishing process type and name:	Installation date:				
Date: Contact Name:					
Test Panel Run					
Overall Surface Finishing process line dimensions Length (ft.): Width (ft.)	: Height (ft.):				
Average number of panels per rack:	Average space between panels in rack:				
Average size of panel in rack: Length(in):	Width (in.):				
At what % of capacity is the line currently running?	At what % of capacity is the line typically running?				
What is the overall throughout? surface sq.ft./year How is it calculated:					
Estimated yield for surface finishing line:					
Number of thermal cycles the finished board can withstand:					
Note any unusual storage conditions or oxidation.					
Load system with layer 4 facing up or toward the operator.					
While running the test panels, verify each process step and complete the table on the next page.					

Test Panel Serial Numbers						
Test Board	Serial #	Test Board	Serial #	Test Board	Serial #	
1.		3.		5.		
2.		4.		6.		

Test Panel Run					
Bath Name (from schematic)	Equipment ^a	Bath Temp	Immersion Time	Drip Time	
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
11.					
12.					
13.					
14.					
Overall System Time:					
^a List Number, type of					
[CP] - Circulation Pump [] [AS] - Air Sparge	Vapor Control: [BC] - Bath Cover [FE] - Fully Enclosed [VO] - Vent to Outside [VC] - Vent to Control	Heater Contro [TH] - Th [TM] - Timer [PR] - Programmed	ermostat [Cl	N] - Continuous lous During Process	

Verification of Part A (mark any changes on working copy of Part A):				
Ventilation: Verify the type of ventilation as recorded in the Questionnaire:				
Tank Volumes: Verify the length, width, and volume of each tank, as recorded in the Questionnaire:				
Water use: Verify water use data, for each tank: Daily water flow rate verified Cascade process steps verified				
Pollution Prevention: Have you used any other pollution prevention techniques on the surface finishing line (e.g., covered tanks to reduce evaporation, measures to reduce dragout, changes to conserve water, etc.)? If yes, describe and quantify results (note: if results have not been quantified, please provide an estimate):				
If your throughput changed during the time new pollution prevention techniques were implemented, estimate how much (if any) of the pollution reductions are due to the throughput changes:				

Filter Replacement						
Bath(s) filtered (enter process step #)						
Frequency of replacement:						
Duration of replacement process:						
Personal protective equipment (see key):						
Personal Protective Equipment Key: [E] - Eye Protection [L] - Labcoat/Sleeved garment [R] - Respiratory Protection [B] - Boots [C] - Gloves [Z] - All except Respiratory Protection [N] - None				on		
Equipment Maintenance						

Estimate the maintenance requirements (excluding filter changes and bath changes) of the surface finishing process equipment for both outside services calls (maintenance by vendor or service company) and in-house maintenance (by facility personnel).

Describe the typical maintenance activities associated with the surface finishing process line (e.g., motor repair/replacement, conveyor repairs, valve leaks, etc.)

Average time spent per week:

Average downtime:

If there a recurring maintenance problem? If yes, describe:

Rack or Conveyor Cleaning No.	t Applicable	Rack Cleaning Method: [C] - Chemical bath on SF process line [D] - Chemical bath on another line		
Frequency of rack or conveyor cleaning:		[T] - Temporary chemical bath [S] - Manual scrubbing with chemical [M] - Non-chemical cleaning [N] - None		
Rack Cleaning Method (see key): OR		[O] - Continuous cleaning Conveyor Cleaning Method:		
Conveyor Cleaning Method (see key):		[C] - Chemical rinsing or soaking [S] - Manual scrubbing with chemical [M] - Non-chemical cleaning		
Number of personnel involved:		[N] - None [O] - Continuous cleaning Personal Protective Equipment:		
Personal protective equipment (see key):		[E] - Eye Protection [G] - Gloves [L] - Labcoat/Sleeved garment	[A] - Apron	
Average time required to clean:		[R] - Respiratory Protection [O] - Continuous Cleaning [Z] - All except Respiratory Protection	[B] - Boots [N] - None	
		[Z] - All except Respiratory Protection		

Chemical Bath Sampling						
Bath Type	Type of Sampling ^a	Frequency b	Duration of Sampling ^c	Protective Equipment ^d	Method of Sampling ^e	
Cleaner						
Microetch						
Flux						
Solder						
Post Clean						
Other (specify)						
Other (specify)						
* Type of Sampling [A] - Automated [M] - Manual [N] - None * Protective Equipment: Consult the key for the above table or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.) * Unration of Sampling: Enter the average time for manually [D] - Drain or spigot [D] - Pripette [L] - Ladle [O] - Other (specify) * Protective Equipment: Consult the key for the above table and enter the letters for all protective equipment worn by the person performing the chemical sampling.				es:		

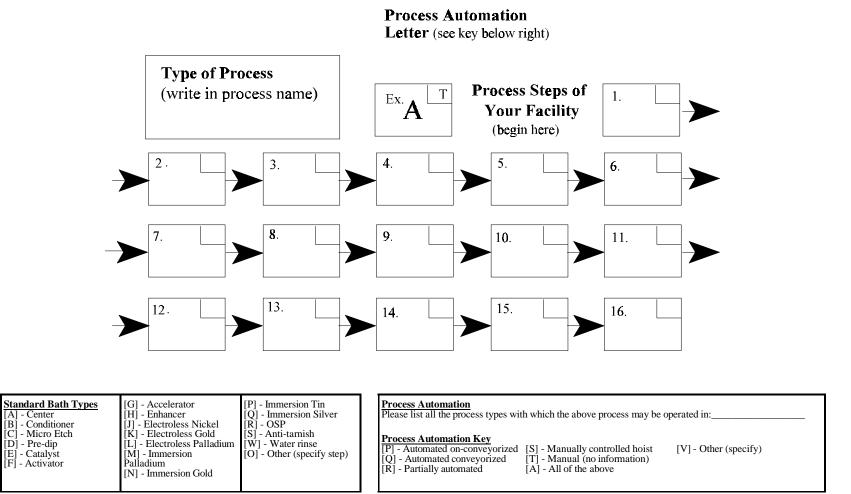
Process Description Process Schematic

[D] - Pre-dip

[E] - Catalyst

[F] - Activator

Fill in the table below by identifying what type of alternative surface finishing process (e.g., immersion tin) your company uses. Then, using the key at the bottom left of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first bath step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step in your process until your entire alternative surface finishing process is represented. If your process step is not represented by the key below, complete the chart by writing in the name of the process step in your particular surface finishing line.



Comparative Evaluation	on:
------------------------	-----

If the facility has switched from a previous system to the current system, complete this page.

Product Quality:

What, if any, changes were noticed in the quality of the boards produced? (Yield change?)

Installation:

How long was the debug period when this system was installed?

What were the types of problems encountered:

Manufacturing Process Changes: How did you change your upstream or downstream processes when this system was installed (e.g., did you have to make changes in your solder mask)?

Waste Treatment:

Have any of your waste treatment methods or volumes changed due to the installation of this system (not associated with volume changes due to throughput changes)?

If yes, describe the change(s) and attach quantitative information, if available:

Process Safety:

Have any additional OSHA-related procedures or issues arisen as a result of changing to the present system (e.g., machinery lock-outs while cleaning, etc)? If so, describe:

Customer Acceptance:

Have customers accepted the new process? Why or why not:

Other:

Describe any other issues that have arisen as a result of the new process.

Supplier Data Sheet

DfE Printed Wiring Board Project Alternative Technologies for Surface Finishing

Manufacturer/Supplier Product Data Sheet

Manufacturer Name: Address:	
Contact: Phone: Fax:	
How many alternative making holes conductive product lines will you	submit for testing?
Please complete a Data Sheet for each product line you wish to sif you have not already done so, please submit the material safety literature, and the standard manufacturer instructions for each	ubmit for testing. In addition, data sheets (MSDS), product product line submitted.
Product Line Name:	Category:*
* Categories of Product Lines: A. HASL B. Immersion Tin C. Immersion Palladium D. Electroless Nickel/Immersion Gold E. Nickel/Palladium/Immersion Gold F. OSP - (Thin) G. OSP - (Thick)	
For the product line listed above, please identify one or two facilit product line at which you would like your product demonstrated. A site (city, state) and whether the site is 1) a customer production sit your own supplier testing site.	ties that are currently using the also, identify the location of the te, 2) a customer test site, or 3)
Facility 1 Name and Location: Type of Site: Facility Contact: May we contact the facility at this time (yes or no):	
Facility 2 Name and Location: Type of Site: Facility Contact: May we contact the facility at this time (yes or no):	

Energy Usage For each piece of equipment in the surface finishing line using energy, complete the table below: **Equipment Type** Tank or **Power Rating** Period of Usage Load Equipment **Machine Control** Station # a (from nameplate) (1% capacity in use) Cost continuous timer continuous during process cycle _ program partial during process cycle. If partial, record operator/manual how often: _ other: other: continuous timer continuous during process cycle _ program operator/manual partial during process cycle. If partial, record how often: _ other: other: continuous timer continuous during process cycle _ program partial during process cycle. If partial, record _ operator/manual how often: _ other: other: continuous timer continuous during process cycle _ program partial during process cycle. If partial, record _ operator/manual how often: _ other: other: continuous timer continuous during process cycle _ program partial during process cycle. If partial, record _ operator/manual how often: other: other:

 $^{^{\}rm a}~~\underline{Specify}$ whether tank number of process flow diagram step numbers are used.

Special Product Characteristics
1. Does the process operate as a vertical process, horizontal process, or either?
2. Average number of thermal excursions the finished board can withstand?
3. Most likely process step preceding the beginning of the surface finish application?
4. Should the application of solder mask occur after the application of the surface finish, or before?
5. Which of the following technologies is the surface finish compatible with? (Circle all applicable choices.)
A. SMT D. Gold Wire Bonding B. Flip Chip E. Aluminum Wire Bonding C. BGA F. Other, Explain:
6. Please state cycle time of surface finish process line
7. Please describe any special process equipment recommended (e.g., high pressure rinse, air knife, drye aging equipment, etc.).
Product Line Constraints
1. Please list any substrate incompatibilities (e.g., BT, cyanate ester, Teflon, Kevlar, copper invar coppe polyethylene, other [specify])
Please list compatibilities with solder masks.
3. Are there any special requirements needed for the soldering process (e.g., type of flux, etc.)?

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5. Other general comments about the product line (include any known impacts on other process steps).____

4. Average shelf-life of finished boards?

Bath Life

Please fill in the following table (for bath listings, please refer back to your process description on page 2).

Bath	Recommended Treatment/Disposal Method ^a	Criteria for Dumping Bath (e.g., time, surface sq ft of panel processed, concentration, etc.)	Recommended Bath Life (in terms of criteria listed at left)
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			

^a Attach and reference materials, if necessary.

Costs:

<u>Chemical Cost</u>
Please provide the cost per gallon (or pound) of chemical for each chemical product required to operate this alternative surface finishing product line. It is recognized that the cost of chemicals is, in part, dependant on the amount of chemical purchased (i.e., volume discounts) and may vary accordingly. If cost would decrease, please write decreased cost in margin along with volume of chemical required for pricing discount.

Bath Name	Product Name	Chemical Cost (\$/gal or \$/lb)
1.	A.	
	В.	
	C.	
2.	A.	
	В.	
	C.	
3.	A.	
	В.	
	C.	
4.	A.	
	В.	
	C.	
5.	A.	
	В.	
	C.	
6.	A.	
	В.	
	C.	
7.	A.	
	В.	
	C.	

Equipment Cost

Do you recommend or suggest any specific equipment manufacturers to customers for obtaining process equipment to operate this surface finish line? If so, why? Please provide the contact information for equipment manufacturer below.

Equipment Company # 1 Company Name: Contact Name: Phone number: Equipment Type:
Equipment Company # 2 Company Name: Contact Name: Phone number: Equipment Type: Do either of the companies listed above manufacture equipment specifically designed for your product line? Which one?
If so, what is special or different about the equipment design?